	Unit 1			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
4	1A Nice to meet you!	Hello. My name's I think New York's an excellent city.	Indefinite article: <i>a</i> , <i>an</i> Adjective + noun	Introductions Nouns and adjectives
6	1 B I'm fine, thanks	Good morning. How are you? This is Kate.	Verb <i>be</i> (<i>I</i> , <i>you</i>)	Numbers 1 to 12 Greetings Classroom English
8	1C What's this in English?	These are CDs. What are those?	Plurals Verb be (it, they) wh- questions this, that, these, those	Classroom objects Personal things
10	1D Where are you from?	I'm from Sydney. You aren't Spanish.	Verb <i>be</i> (<i>you</i> , <i>we</i>) <i>wh-</i> questions	Countries and nationalities
12	1€ I'm a journalist	What do you do? I'm a doctor.	Indefinite article or zero article can/can't	Jobs Numbers 13 to 29
14	1F All about you	What's your home address? What's your cell phone number?		Numbers 30 + Addresses Phone numbers
16	Review 1			
60	Writing 1 Completing a form	77 Phrasebook 1 79	–85 Activity Book 112 I	Essential Grammar 1

	Unit 2			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
18	2A In Paris on Thursday	How do you spell? Would you like a drink? Coffee, please. No, thanks.	Prepositions of time & place: <i>on</i> , <i>in</i>	The alphabet Drinks Days of the week
20	2ß How old is he?	She's about 35.	Verb be (he, she, it) who	More jobs
22	2C His music, her show, their charities	What's her website address?	Possessive pronouns Possessive 's	Personal information
24	2D Do you have a big family?	I have a son and two daughters.	Present simple (I, you, we, they) questions & short answers	Family have, live
26	26 Meet your perfect partner	Where do you work? What sports do you play?	Present simple (I, you, we, they) in wh- questions	a lot, a little, (not) very well Common verbs Languages
28	2F What do you do on the weekend?	I live in a big apartment in Bondi.	Prepositions of time <i>in</i> , <i>on</i> , <i>at</i>	Parts of the day Free-time activities
30	Review 2			
61 V	Vriting 2 An ad for an e-pal	77 Phrasebook 2 86–92	Activity Book 114 Esse	ntial Grammar 2

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
Word stress in multi-syllabic words	Listening: for specific information; matching words and pictures Speaking: introducing oneself; giving opinions	
/aɪ/, /ɪ/	Listening: for gist of short conversations; to complete a conversation Reading: analyzing conversations Speaking: greeting people; introducing people; using English in class	Greeting and introducing oneself
Plural endings /ɪ/, /i/, /æ/, /oʊ/ This / these That /those	Listening: to match conversations to pictures; to complete a conversation Reading: to match words and conversations with pictures Speaking: asking and answering about classroom objects	Indefinite article Classroom English Numbers 1–12 Verb <i>be</i>
	Listening: for information Reading: shadow reading a text; for information Speaking: introducing people; asking and answering about where someone is from	Introducing people Giving opinions Adjectives of opinion
	Listening: for specific information Reading: for specific information Speaking: asking and answering questions	Names of countries Numbers 1–12
	Listening: to a phone message for gist and specific information; to a conversation for specific information Reading: web pages for information and to find and correct errors Speaking: asking for and giving personal information Writing: a web page message; a phone message	Countries and nationalities Giving opinions Numbers 1–29
	Listening: to complete a dialog; to identify numbers Speaking: act out a dialog re. greeting & introduction; role play using nationalities & jobs Writing: fill blanks in a text using prepositions	Unit 1 content

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
7 vowel sounds Counting syllables	Listening: for specific information Speaking: ordering / offering drinks Reading: for specific information	Verb <i>be</i> Countries Short answers Giving personal information Giving opinions
Connected speech: Is he / she / it ?	Listening: for specific information Reading: to match photos and descriptions Speaking: giving personal information	Verb <i>be</i> Jobs / Countries and nationalities Short answers Giving opinions
E-mail addresses	Listening: for specific information Reading: for specific information Speaking: talking about possessions; giving personal information	Verb <i>be</i> Personal objects and information
Connected speech: Do you?	Listening: for specific information; to match words and pictures; to complete questions Speaking: asking about families Writing: a short report about classmates	Questions Jobs Possessive adjectives Verb <i>be</i>
	Listening: for specific information Reading: a personal message for specific information and phrases Speaking: asking about another person	Family / Countries and nationalities Verb <i>be</i> questions and short answers
	Listening: for specific information; to match times and activities Reading: for specific information Speaking: asking about another person Writing: a videoscript giving personal information	Verb have How old? Where? Present simple: affirmative
	Reading: complete a dialog using 3rd person singular Listening: for specific information to complete a dialog Speaking: use vowel sounds; ask and answer questions about activities	Unit 2 content

Course book contents map

	Unit 3			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
32	3A Let's watch a DVD tonight	Can I speak to Ana, please? I'm bored. That's a good idea.	can for requests let's + verb for suggestions	Common objects Adjectives of feeling
34	3ß Ordinary people?	She lives in New York.	Present simple (he, she, it) affirmative forms	Common verbs
36	3C Does he like you? Yes, he does!	Does he speak English? No, he doesn't.	Present simple (he, she) questions & short answers	Activities
38	3D Look at the time!	What time is it? It's half past nine. What time does it start?	Present simple (it) questions When, It's on at (about)	The time
40	3€ What time do you get up?	He starts work at seven a.m.	Present simple (he, she, it) wh- questions	Everyday activities Before, after
42	3F He always leaves home early	I sometimes work late on Fridays. He's always busy.	Adverbs of frequency How many ?	Activities
44	Review 3			
62	Writing 3 A composition	78 Phrasebook 3 93–99	Activity Book 116 Esse	ential Grammar 3

	Unit 4				
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary	
46	4A Have a good trip!	What time does the train arrive? It arrives at	Present simple (it, they)	Around town	
48	4ß When's your birthday?	Christmas is on December 25th.	Prepositions of time in, on	Months & dates Ordinal numbers Types of music festivals	
50	4C Musicals? I'm sorry, I really hate them.	What do you think of rock music? I think it's wonderful. I love it!	Object pronouns	Music and movies Adjectives of opinion	
52	4D Swimming is my favorite activity!	Do you like walking? I love it! I prefer watching TV.	Verb + -ing (for activities)	Free-time activities prefer	
54	4€ He goes running once a week	How often do you play soccer? Every other day.	How often?	every week, once, twice a month play, go, do + activities	
56	4F We hardly ever go to bed early	I hardly ever go out. I sometimes go running.	Prepositions of time at, in, on Prepositions of place & movement at, to	More adverbs of frequency always, hardly ever, never, often	
58	Review 4				
63 V	63 Writing 4 A blog entry 78 Phrasebook 4 100–106 Activity Book 118 Essential Grammar 4				

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
	Listening: to phone conversations for gist / specific information; to complete conversations Speaking: making requests and suggestions; on the phone Reading: to complete a conversation	Free-time activities Classroom and personal objects
3rd person singular ending -(e)s	Listening: for specific information and to explain vocabulary Speaking: talking about typical Americans and other nationalities	Verbs; Nationalities I (don't) agree. I think
Connected speech: does he / does she?	Listening: to complete conversations Reading: to complete a conversation; to complete a chart Speaking: talking about people's habits Writing: sentences about people's habits	Present simple: affirmative / negative Questions Jobs, countries, and nationalities Family members and marital status
Connected speech: What time ?	Listening: to conversations for specific information Reading: a TV guide for specific information Speaking: telling the time, talking about TV programs	Verbs Days of the week Numbers
	Listening: for specific information Speaking: talking about routines	Present simple Verb <i>be</i> Time
	Listening: to a conversation for specific information Reading: a conversation to complete it; a biography to answer questions Speaking: talking about routines and TV programs	Making suggestions / Prepositions Present simple: wh- questions Free-time activities
	Listening: to complete a dialog with requests and suggestions Reading: Match verbs and phrases Speaking: Practice a dialog about daily routines	Unit 3 content

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
	Listening: for specific information Speaking: talking about opening hours; buying a train ticket Reading: for specific information	Present simple Times Days of the week
Word stress th	Listening: for specific information Reading: for specific information Speaking: asking and answering about dates, festivals, birthdays	Questions Verb <i>be</i>
Sentence stress	Listening: for specific information Reading: a conversation in order to complete it Speaking: giving opinions	Giving opinions Present simple
	Listening: for specific information Reading: analyzing the vocabulary in an article Speaking: giving opinions	Giving opinions: <i>like / love / hate</i> Adjectives of opinion
Silent letters	Listening: for specific information Reading: to complete a text Speaking: asking and answering about opinions	Activities Prepositions: <i>before / after</i>
	Listening: for specific information Reading: to complete a text with the correct prepositions Speaking: about famous people, art, monuments, etc; about weekend activities	Activities Prepositions: <i>before / after</i>
	Listening: Listen to and complete dialog re. likes and dislikes Reading: text about the Gregorian calendar Speaking: Ask and answer questions about people in your family; about personal likes and dislikes	Unit 4 content

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	Unit 1			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
4	1A An excellent place to learn English	I'm here to learn English. I study English for my job.	Review Present simple +, ?, – to / for articles: a / an, the, zero	Common adjectives & colors
6	1 B What are you doing?	I'm watching TV now. Are they working?	Present continuous	Common verbs
8	1C Money: save a lot, spend a little	How much do you spend on food?	a lot of, some, not any	Money
10	1D Can I try them on?	Which ones? How much are the black ones?	How much + singular and plural pronouns (it, one, this, they, ones, these, them) Which one(s)?	Clothing
12	16 There are hundreds of restaurants	There are over 200 museums.	There is / There are many = lots = a lot of Prepositions of place: opposite, next to, near, between	Places
14	1F Do you have a map?	There's an ATM machine outside the bank.	Is there / Are there? Countable and uncountable nouns	Prepositions of place: in front of, behind, under, inside, outside
16	Review 1			
60 Writing 1 An e-mail 77 Phrasebook 1 79–85 Activity Book 112 Essential Grammar 1				

	Unit 2			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
18	2A Were you home yesterday?	No, I wasn't.	Was / Were +, -, ?	Time expressions: <i>last, on,</i> yesterday, at / in + place
20	26 There was no internet in the 1970s	There were MP3s in the 1990s.	There was / There were (+, -, ?) no (= not any)	Time expressions In the (1930s) ago Technology
22	2C Sen needed to go to Beijing	He arrived at the airport.	Past simple (regular)	Traveling by plane
24	2D His life was an opera	He became a singer.	Past simple (irregular) +, –	A biography
26	26 They didn't sing together	Anna didn't like Bob Marley.	Past simple negatives	Music types & musicians
28	2F Did you have a good weekend?	What did you do last weekend?	Past simple: Wh-? short answers	Consonants
30	Review 2			
61	Writing 2 A biography 77 Phi	rasebook 2 86–92 Activity Boo	ok 114 Essential Grammar 2	

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
the /ðə/, /ði/	Reading: remembering / summarizing a text Listening: for specific information Speaking: describing people, places, and things, and giving opinions	Question formation Personal information, family, classroom nouns
	Listening: to match pictures and phrases Reading: for specific information Speaking: asking and saying what people are doing	Birthdays /dates Ordinals Common verbs
Weak forms: some, of	Listening: for specific information Reading: to complete a key Speaking: talking about expenses, spending habits, and possessions	Present simple Numbers, prices
	Listening: for specific information Reading: to complete a conversation Speaking: talking about clothing, likes and dislikes, buying and selling clothes	Colors Money, numbers
Vowel sounds	Listening: to and reading a text Reading: for specific information; analyzing a text for key vocabulary Speaking: describing places in cities and towns	Determiners How often once / twice / X times / every
Linking: Yes, there is.	Listening: for specific information; for prepositions and uses of have / have got Speaking: giving opinions about taxis and taxi drivers; describing the location of places; talking about possessions	Unit 1 content Places in a city
	Reading: to complete texts with the correct words / articles; to put a dialog in the correct order; to match words to sentences Listening: to identify and correct mistakes in a text; to play Bingo! Speaking: asking and answering about colors; making phrases Writing: sentences about money, clothes, places	

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
Sentence stress	Reading: for comprehension; to match photos and text Listening: to number photos Speaking: asking and answering about the past	Places
	Reading: for specific information; to find pronouns and possessive adjectives Listening: for specific information Speaking: asking and answering about new technology / inventions in the past	Dates
Regular verb endings, /ɪd/ verbs	Reading: to identify past simple verbs Listening: to match speech and verbs to pictures Speaking: talking about events in the past	Requests
Vowel sounds in irregular verbs	Reading: for specific information and to match words to definitions Listening: for specific information Speaking: describing somebody's life	Regular past
	Listening: for specific information Reading: a personal message for specific information and phrases Speaking: asking about another person	A biography
Consonants Did you ?	Listening and reading: to find differences Listening: for specific information Reading: for comprehension Speaking: asking and answering about the past	Unit 2 content
	Listening: to identify and correct mistakes in sentences Reading: to complete sentences with prepositions; to circle / write past tense verbs Speaking: describing, asking, and answering about events in the past; asking questions to complete a text Writing: sentences about events in the past	

Course map

	Unit 3			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
32	3A Images	There were some people sleeping.	Linking ideas: present and past	Irregular plurals
34	36 How much exercise do you do?	How many cups of coffee do you have a day?	How much / How many? None. Some.	Healthy living Habits
36	3C I can do a lot on a computer!	I can speak French pretty well.	Can for ability ?, +, – Could(n't) as past of can very well / well / a little	Skills at work
38	3D I need to learn quickly	How can I learn fast?	Adjectives and adverbs	Language learning More past tense verbs
40	3€ The usual suspects	She's very tall. He has brown hair and glasses.	He has for description Adjective + noun	Describing people
42	3F Staying at a hotel?	She's taking the elevator to the sixth floor.	Question formation General fluency practice	Prepositions: at, in, on, to
44	Review 3			
62	Writing 3 A description 7	8 Phrasebook 3 93–99 A	ctivity Book 116 Essentia	al Grammar 3

	Unit 4			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
46	4A Some women have to wear two hats	She doesn't have to do housework.	have to / don't have to / had to	Housework Home, school & work obligations
48	4β Do you want some cookies?	I don't want any meat.	Countable and uncountable nouns some / any	Food and drink
50	4C Tonight? Sure! I'd love to!	Would you like to go to the opera? Sorry, I can't.	Offering and inviting why / because Would you like to? Let's?	Free-time activities
52	4D I'm going to visit my brother	She's going to stay in Sydney.	Be going to + infinitive for plans	maybe / perhaps by + transportation
54	46 How do you get around?	How do you get downtown? How long does it take?	How do you get to? How long take? How far?	Transportation Prepositions of movement
56	4F The perfect vacation	Where exactly are you going to travel to?	Prepositions in questions Be going to + infinitive for plans	Seasons Travel
58	Review 4			
63	Writing 4 An informal e-mail	78 Phrasebook 4 100-1	.06 Activity Book 118 Ess	ential Grammar 4

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
Irregular plurals: children, men, women, people	Listening: for specific information and to identify combined sentences Reading: for specific information Speaking: talking about photographs and taking photos	There was / There were
	Reading: for specific information Listening: for specific information and to complete a dialog Speaking: talking about stress and healthy / unhealthy habits	Imperatives Past Simple C / U nouns
can / can't +, ?, –	Reading: for specific information Listening: for specific information; in order to answer questions Speaking: giving opinions about computers; asking and answering about past and present abilities; role-playing a job interview	Can for requests ago
Sentence stress	Reading: to report and summarize information Listening: for specific information; in order to complete sentences Speaking: giving advice, talking about skills	Adjectives
	Reading: to identify people from their description; to find new words Listening: for specific information Speaking: describing people's appearance and clothing	Present continuous Adjectives
Stress before -ion endings	Reading: matching a summary to a text; choosing definitions; choosing the correct prepositions Listening: for specific information Speaking: talking about hotels; talking about problems	Unit 3 content
	Listening: to identify and correct mistakes in sentences Reading: to circle correct adverbs; to put sentences in correct order; to correct mistakes; to identify an actor; to complete a text with the correct prepositions Speaking: describing differences between pictures; asking and answering questions with How much / How many; talking / asking about abilities in the present and the past; role-playing a job interview	

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
	Reading: for specific information Listening: for specific information and to identify missing words Speaking: talking about housework and obligations	
	Reading: to identify differences from a listening text Listening: for specific information; to make predictions Speaking: making and accepting / rejecting offers of food and drink	How much / How many is / are there? hungry / thirsty
Intonation	Reading: scanning for specific information; finding key words in a text; to put a dialog in order Listening: for specific information Speaking: offering, inviting and responding	Have to Adjectives of opinion
Going to weak forms	Listening: for specific information; in order to complete sentences Speaking: talking about future plans	Past simple Have to
Sentence stress in questions	Reading: for specific information Listening: for specific information and in order to complete sentences Speaking: talking about journeys and transportation; describing movements	Be going to + infinitive for plans Adjectives of opinion Present simple
	Reading: in order to complete a text; for specific information Listening: for specific information Speaking: talking about seasons, podcasts and vacation plans	Unit 4 content
	Listening: to check answers Reading: to complete a dialog with a / an / the / some / any; to complete sentences / a dialog; to identify and correct mistakes in a text Speaking: interviewing a partner about housework; talking about obligations; role-playing a waiter and a customer in a restaurant; asking and answering about future plans; talking about time required for trips Writing: writing questions about future plans and vacation activities	

	Unit 1			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
4	1A What was the weather like?	What were the people like? Who did you go with?	<i>be like</i> Word order in questions	Weather
6	1ß Saving the planet	The climate is changing. He's arriving at 8:30 a.m.	Present simple and Present continuous Present continuous for future	Environment Public transportation
8	1C I'm going to relax by the pool	I'll have the chicken. I'm going to eat lunch.	will / won't and be going to	Hotel facilities The verb <i>get</i>
10	1D A very bad trip	Where was he going? It was pouring.	Past continuous	Travel problems
12	16 Should I or shouldn't I?	You shouldn't eat candy.	should / shouldn't	Agreeing and disagreeing American and British English
14	1F Location vacation!	The city is beautiful. You can go on a walking tour.	Articles	Going on vacation
16	Review 1			
60	Writing 1 Telling a story 77	Phrasebook 1 79-85 Activ	vity Book 112 Essential Gra	ammar 1

	Unit 2			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
18	2A Which movie is better?	It's scarier than Batman Begins.	Comparatives	Adjectives
20	2ß Have you read <i>Duma Key</i> ?	He has written over 200 stories.	Present perfect	Genres of text
22	2C A spider for breakfast?	You aren't old enough.	too and enough	Personality adjectives
24	2D Do you love your computer?	This is the easiest game.	Superlatives	Computers
26	2€ Have you ever volunteered?	It's the best thing I've ever done.	Superlatives and Present perfect	Animals Useful verbs
28	2F Special memories	There were so many events that we couldn't see them all.	so/suchthat	Useful verbs Listening phrases
30	Review 2			
61	Writing 2 A movie review 77	Phrasebook 2 86–92 Activity	Book 114 Essential Gramma	r 2

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
Regular verbs: "extra" syllable Irregular verbs: vowel sounds	Listening: to complete a text; for specific information Speaking: describing the weather; asking and answering about vacations	Question formation Irregular past tense forms
Word stress	Listening: for specific information Reading: for specific information; to complete a questionnaire / sentences Speaking: asking and answering about plans and arrangements	Transportation How often do you?
'll	Listening: for specific information; to match questions and answers Reading: for specific information; to complete dialogs / match questions and answers Speaking: talking about hotel amenities; making and responding to offers, suggestions, invitations; making decisions	Free-time activities
was / were	Listening: to check sequence of events; for specific information Speaking: retelling a story in the past	Past simple Time expressions
	Listening: in order to complete advice Reading: for specific information Speaking: talking about habits in the past; giving opinions and advice; agreeing and disagreeing	Past simple Linking words
	Listening: for specific information Reading: to summarize vacation descriptions; to match types of vacation; to analyze vocabulary Speaking: talking about vacation destinations; doing a vacation survey	Unit 1 content
	Listening: to correct mistakes in a text; for specific information Reading: to identify correct verbs; to complete sentences; to complete a text; for comprehension Speaking: describing actions; talking about plans; giving advice Writing: to describe past actions	

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
than	Listening: for specific information; to put information in order; to identify comparatives Reading: to complete a questionnaire and a dialog Speaking: talking about TV and movie viewing habits; comparing movies and actors	<i>be like</i> Adjectives
/hu:z/	Listening: to check answers; to complete a dialog Reading: biographies for specific information; to identify past participles Speaking: talking about tastes in books, movies and TV shows; asking and answering about past experiences	Irregular verbs
Sentence stress	Listening: for specific information; to complete phrases Reading: for specific information; to make predictions Speaking: talking about reality shows; describing and comparing personalities	Adjectives
-est	Listening: for specific information; to complete sentences Reading: to match text to pictures; to match sentences to text; to complete sentences Speaking: talking about computer use; comparing technology	Articles Comparatives
	Listening: to complete sentences Reading: for specific information; to deduce speakers' whereabouts Speaking: talking about pets, memorable experiences Writing: sentences for partners to guess a speaker's whereabouts	Present perfect
	Listening: to describe what people are doing and how they are feeling; for specific information; to check answers Reading: to match blogs to photos; for specific information Speaking: describing what people are doing and how they are feeling; describing memorable events; using positive feedback phrases while listening	Unit 2 content
	Reading: to complete sentences; to identify correct adjectives; to correct a text Speaking: talking about differences and experiences Writing: to complete sentences from prompts; to correct sentences Listening: for specific information; to correct sentences; to correct a text	

Coursebook contents map

	Unit 3			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
32	3A Learn English the modern way	I have to get up early tomorrow.	must / have to / must not / don't have to	Learning English Verbs, adjectives, and prepositions
34	3ß A new life	How long have you lived here?	Present perfect to join the past and the present	Time expressions
36	3C How good is your vocabulary?	It's somebody who drives a taxi.	1 anybody / everybody / nobody / somebody 2 who / which / that	Types of games
38	3D A vacation with a difference	You can drive as fast as you want.	asas	Driving
40	3€ High earners	Who likes classical music?	Subject and Object questions	Professions
42	3F Junior year abroad	I gave up smoking last year.	Phrasal verbs	Phrasal verbs
44	Review 3			
62	Writing 3 A blog 78 Phra	sebook 3 93–99 Activity	Book 116 Essential Gram	ımar 3

	Unit 4			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
46	4A Memorable moments	Taking the exam was terrible.	-ing form	Verbs, adjectives, and prepositions
48	4ß Looking good	You'll look younger.	will and might	Health Useful verbs
50	4C Friends for life?	If we find your friend, we'll put you in contact.	First conditional	Friendship More verbs and prepositions
52	4D I earn too much!	She earns less money than me.	much, a lot, a little, a bit + comparative	Describing jobs
54	4€ Changes	I used to be a lawyer.	used to	Life changes
56	4F Keeping a record	We're going back next year.	Verb + back	Keeping records Prepositions
58	Review 4			
63	Writing 4 A formal e-mail 7	8 Phrasebook 4 100–106	Activity Book 118 Essent	ial Grammar 4

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
	Reading: to complete a questionnaire; for specific information; to complete a text Speaking: talking about obligations and necessities	Language learning have to
Linking <i>long</i> and <i>have / has</i> Consonant sounds	Listening: dictated questions; for specific information; to complete sentences Reading: for specific information Speaking: talking about living abroad; asking and answering questions about duration	Past simple
Sentence stress	Listening: to complete relative clauses and spoken phrases Reading: for specific information; to find words to match definitions Speaking: talking about games; playing a word game	The verb <i>get</i>
asas	Listening: for specific information; to complete sentences Reading: for specific information; to complete sentences Speaking: talking about trips and landmarks; talking about vacation preferences; comparing the present and the past; giving directions	Vacations
Connected speech: linking words	Listening: for specific information; to complete a chart Reading: to answer a quiz Speaking: asking and answering about famous people's lives	Question formation Irregular verbs
	Listening: for specific information Reading: to complete texts; for specific information Speaking: talking about study abroad; talking about recent experiences with phrasal verbs; planning study abroad	Unit 3 content
	Listening and Writing: for comprehension; to complete sentences Speaking: talking about obligations; talking about experiences Writing: to complete sentences; to make sentences for a partner; to revise vocabulary Reading: to correct a text	

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
	Listening: to check answers Reading: to match a text to a picture and question; to summarize a text orally; to match sentence halves Speaking: describing feelings; asking and answering about childhood memories	Superlatives
Sentence stress and /ə/ /ɪ/	Listening: to match ads to photos; for specific information; to identify word stress Speaking: discussing ways to look good; making predictions about the future Writing: an ad for a health / beauty product or service	Will
Linking words and silent letters	Listening: for specific information; to match topics to pictures Speaking: talking about friendship; talking about possible future situations Reading: to identify gist; to complete texts with missing words Writing: endings for sentences about the future	Prepositions
Stressed words	Listening: to check a prediction; for specific information Speaking: talking about work and pay; making comparisons Reading: to match statements to pictures	Personality adjectives Comparatives
Consonant sounds used to	Listening: to check an oral summary of a text; for specific information Speaking: comparing photos; making predictions about people's lives; talking about situations in the past Reading: in order to summarize a text	Comparatives
Vowel sounds /s /, /z /	Listening: to check answers; to match speakers to photos Speaking: talking about ways of communicating / keeping records now and in the past Reading: to complete texts; for specific information Writing: questions for "online" chatting	The verb <i>get</i> Unit 4 content
	Reading: to correct sentences; for comprehension Writing: to complete prompts; to make sentences; to complete a text Speaking: describing yourself; to perform a roleplay; describing life changes and habits Listening: for comprehension; to correct sentences; for specific information	

	Unit I			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
4	1A I'm sure I know you from somewhere	What time do you finish work? How are you feeling?	Word order in questions Simple and continuous tenses	Getting (re)acquainted
6	1 B How long have you been a movie extra?	How long have you lived in Italy? I've been a model for two years.	Present perfect for experiences for and since Questions with How long?	Prefixes Fashion and celebrity
8	1C What have you just done?	I've already lost 40 pounds. We've just won the competition.	Present perfect with already / just / yet	Self-improvement Reacting to news
10	1D Somewhere special	I didn't see anybody last night. We've sent her some flowers.	Every- / Some- / Any- / No- + body / one / thing / where Verbs with two objects	Emotions
12	16 Learning from experience	Have you ever lived abroad? I've never been to the U.S.	Present perfect or Past simple ever / never	Movies
14	1F A once in a lifetime experience	It was such an amazing trip. We met some wonderful people.	Articles and some / any	Going on vacation
16	Review 1			
60	Writing 1 A travel blog 77	Phrasebook 1 79–85 Activi	ty Book 112 Essential Grar	nmar 1

Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
18	2A Shopping around	I managed to get to the store yesterday. I couldn't find anywhere to park.	can / could / be able to / manage to	Stores and facilities American and British English Making / responding to suggestions
20	2ß On the road	You must wear a seatbelt. You don't have to turn on your headlights during the day.	must (not) / (don't) have to (all forms)	Driving and road safety Adverbs
22	2C How fast can you run?	l've never run a marathon. Neither have !!	How? questions with adjectives / adverbs Auxiliary verbs so / neither	Measurements Sports and sports people
24	2D A healthy balance	They played soccer yesterday, didn't they?	Question tags	Healthy habits Adjectives + prepositions
26	2€ You really ought to see a doctor!	You shouldn't go to work. Should I call the hospital?	should(n't) / ought to	Parts of the body Symptoms Giving and refusing / accepting advice
28	2F We live more privately these days	They don't drive nearly as fast as I do.	Comparing with adverbs	Expressions with <i>make</i> and <i>do</i>
30	Review 2			

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
Schwa /ə/	Listening: to order and complete a text; for specific information; to correct a text Speaking: role-playing meetings between people; asking and answering about learning English	themselves or each other Question formation Verb tenses
Sentence stress and schwa /ə/	Reading: for specific information Speaking: asking and answering about experiences	Present perfect Question formation Movie vocabulary
Word stress	Reading: scanning a TV guide; matching photos to TV shows Listening: for gist; to match extracts to pictures Speaking: talking about recent experiences; using phrases to show interest, and react to good and bad news	Present perfect TV shows
	Listening: for gist; to match people to their moods; for specific information; to complete dialogs Speaking: discussing which gift to give people	Past tenses too / so / such
have in questions and short answers	Reading: a biography for specific information Listening: for specific information Speaking: discussing quotes about learning from experience; asking and answering about experiences	Present perfect for experiences So do I. / Neither do I.
Stress in articles and some / any	Listening: for specific information; to follow a route on a map; to complete a chart Speaking: asking and answering about travel experiences; responding with good listener phrases	Articles Past simple Adjectives Question forms
Short and long vowel sounds	Listening: for specific information; to correct a text Speaking: exchanging information to complete a text Reading: to identify correct verbs; to complete a text	Unit 1 content

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
Stress in + and – statements	Speaking: comparing shopping habits; agreeing / disagreeing with, and expressing opinions; making and responding to suggestions Listening: for gist; for specific information; to match opinions to speakers	too (much / many) / (not) enough can / can't Verb tenses
Silent letters between consonants	Speaking: discussing good / bad driving habits; talking about family rules now and in the past Listening: for specific information	Transportation let / allow can('t) / could(n't) must (not) / (don't) have to (present)
Intonation in + and – statements	Speaking: discussing sports and sports heroes; answering about measurements Listening: for gist; for specific information; to complete a survey Reading: for specific information; to complete statements; to write and answer quiz questions	Expressions with <i>by</i> Question forms Superlatives
Stress and intonation in question tags	Speaking: answering and discussing a health check questionnaire Reading: for gist; to choose the best title for an article; for specific information Listening: for specific information; to match statements to speakers	(a) few / (a) little Auxiliary verbs
	Reading: for gist Listening: for gist; to identify the correct picture; for specific information Speaking: giving advice; accepting or refusing advice	should(n't)
Silent letters and schwa /ə/	Speaking: comparing family life and roles at home; comparing habits and lifestyles Listening: for specific information; to check predictions	Adverbs a lot / lots / much / a little / very
Diphthongs	Speaking: complaining about items in stores; comparing habits and interests Listening: to correct a text; to notice linking words and silent letters; for specific information; to complete notes; to order and complete a dialog Reading: for gist; to identify the main point in an article	Unit 2 content

Coursebook contents map

	Unit 5			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
32	3A Are you going to a show soon?	You're doing an interview at 2 p.m. You're going to be busy!	Present continuous or <i>going to</i>	Entertainment and events
34	3 B What will the world be like?	There won't be enough fuel. Science is going to change our lives.	will or going to for predictions	The environment
36	3C Could it be a masterpiece?	It might be worth a lot of money.	Modals of deduction (present tense)	Materials and shapes The art world
38	3D What have you been doing?	I've been training all morning.	Present perfect, simple or continuous	Celebrations
40	36 If the passenger next to you is like this!	Give us a call as soon as you get there.	Zero and First conditionals Other future sentences with as soon as / even if / unless / in case / otherwise	Traveling by plane
42	3F You use it for opening cans	You give them to people whose eyes are watering.	Relative clauses with who / which / that / where / when / whose	Defining words and objects
44	Review 3			

	Unit 4			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
46	4A How's it done?	The movie is shot. The actors are paid.	Passive voice (Present simple)	Moviemaking Filmmaking
48	4ß Good luck or hard work?	His new movie is being shot at the moment.	Other forms of the passive	Talking about your background
50	4C If I wanted to meet someone new	What would you do if you won a million dollars?	Second conditional	Relationships
52	4D I'd never thought about that	I'd been at the bus stop for 40 minutes when he showed up.	Past perfect	Describing personality Phrasal verbs
54	4€ He said he knew I'd planned to kill him	He told her that he loved her.	Reported speech	Crime
56	4F They asked me if I had any questions	She told me to sit down. She asked me why I had left my last job.	Reported questions, requests, and orders	Common suffixes Phrasal verbs
58	Review 4			
63	Writing 4 A covering letter	78 Phrasebook 4 100–10	6 Activity Book 118 Esse	ntial Grammar 4

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
Pronunciation of going to: /gənə/	Reading: for gist; to match ads to types of events Listening: for gist; for specific information; to complete a schedule Speaking: asking about weekend plans to complete a daily planner; comparing long-term plans	Present continuous for future arrangements
Linking words and chunks of speech Word stress	Speaking: making and comparing predictions about life in the future; responding to ideas Listening: for gist; to match pictures to extracts; for specific information Reading: to choose options to complete a text; to find words to match definitions; to extract and discuss the main ideas	The environment will for predictions
Silent letters in modal verbs	Reading: to check predictions; to summarize the main ideas; to find words to match definitions Listening: for gist; to match a description to a photo; to complete a dialog Speaking: describing objects and works of art	Modal verbs
Word stress	Speaking: describing festivals and celebrations; conducting a survey about recent events and activities Reading: for gist; to give an oral summary of the text; for specific information	Present perfect simple with already , just / yet
Intonation in promises / warnings	Speaking: giving advice to visitors to your hometown Reading: for gist; to match extracts to pictures; for specific information Listening: to confirm predictions; for specific information; to complete sentences	Traveling by plane First conditional
Stress in relative pronouns	Listening: for specific information; to match photos to clues; to complete sentences Reading: for gist; to identify relative pronouns; to analyze vocabulary Speaking: defining difficult words	who / which / that
Voiced and unvoiced consonants	Listening: for specific information; to order events in a schedule; to complete a text; to notice weak (schwa) sounds Speaking: discussing ideas about the future; comparing pictures Reading: for gist; to identify the main idea of each paragraph; for specific information; to match sentence halves	Unit 3 content

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
Stresses and unstressed words in sentences	Speaking: discussing experiences of moviemaking; describing movies and the Oscars Reading: for gist; to choose the best summary; for specific information; to sequence events	Linkers: first, next, then, after that, finally
Linking words and chunks of speech	Speaking: talking about luck and success; giving opinions, agreeing, and disagreeing; talking about your background Listening: for gist; to extract the main ideas Reading: for specific information	Movie vocabulary Passive voice (Present simple)
Intonation in conditional sentences	Speaking: talking about relationships; giving opinions, agreeing, and disagreeing; asking and answering questions for a TV dating show Listening: for specific information; to match speakers to pictures; to check predictions	Second conditional for advice
Stress patterns in time expressions	Speaking: describing people; telling a story Listening: for gist; to check predictions; for specific information Reading: to complete a text; to sequence events	Past simple and continuous I'd (I had) or I'd (I would)
	Speaking: discussing crime in TV shows, movies, and books; discussing clues in a murder mystery and predicting the ending Reading: for specific information; to give an oral summary of a text Listening: for gist; for specific information; to check predictions	Verb tenses
Intonation in Wh- and Yes / No questions	Speaking: discussing a job listing; role-playing a job interview Listening: for gist; to determine speakers' attitudes and motives; for specific information	Question forms
	Speaking: discussing jobs around the house; describing a movie; talking about imaginary situations; performing a role play Listening: to correct sentences; to correct a text; to notice linking words Reading: for gist; to identify genre	Unit 4 content

Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
4	1A Life crisis!	I thought I'd walk into a well-paid job. It got her thinking.	Tense review (Past, Present, and Future)	Work collocations Essential phrases: giving advice
6	1 B Happy families?	I take after my dad. You can look it up in the dictionary.	Phrasal verbs	Phrasal verbs for relationships
8	1C Life since Web 2.0	José felt really embarrassed. Three strange men arrived.	Narrative tenses	Words for feelings
10	1D Trading places	She was slowly getting used to the cold. Finnish coffee is unbelievably strong.	be used to get used to	Intensifiers, e.g., slowl incredibly, unbelievab Essential phrases: making suggestions
12	16 The grass is always greener	If you get to the airport on time, the plane is late. If I go outside, I'll freeze. If you were an actor, you'd have a very stressful life.	Zero / First / Second conditional as / like	Common sayings Collocations with <i>get</i>
14	1F Going away	I'm having a party next Saturday. It starts at 9 p.m. Marc will turn up at 10. I'm not going to hang around.	Future forms (will, going to, Present simple, Present continuous)	Phrasal verbs Essential phrases: expressing preference re: travel
16	Review 1			

Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
18	2A The first job I ever had was	I enjoyed the movie we watched last night. The only person online was Lee, who was answering e-mails.	Defining and non- defining relative clauses	Adjective suffixes (1) Noun + -y, adjective + ish
20	2ß White lies	It's never OK to lie, is it? You don't tell lies, do you?	Question tags	Negative prefixes for confirming facts
22	2C Casual Friday	She told me she's going to Chile next week. They asked me when I was starting that job.	Reported speech Reported questions	Reporting verbs Essential phrases: reacting to ideas
24	2D Cash on the side	He stopped to have coffee. He stopped smoking last year.	Verb + infinitive and / or Verb + gerund	Money idioms Essential phrases: about spending habits
26	26 The shape of things to come	It will be 10 degrees warmer. By 2050 everybody will be reading electronic books. The population will have doubled.	Future simple, Future continuous, Future Perfect for predictions	Noun forms Essential phrases: making predictions
28	2F Testing times	It could have happened to anyone. He must have remembered me	Past modals for speculation and obligation What + noun How + adjective	Parts of a car Essential phrases: building and responding to a story
30	Review 2			

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
	Reading: for gist; to match headings to the correct paragraphs; to paraphrase expressions Listening: to match people with their comments Speaking: to find out information about the other people in the class; talk about problems faced by young people	Prepositions Question formation Irregular past tense forms
Stress in phrasal verbs	Listening: to match speakers to the correct picture; listen for specific information Reading: to answer comprehension questions; to find out specific information Speaking: to find out information about family members	no one / none Describing family
Unstressing auxiliary verbs The schwa /ə/	Reading: to match people to the correct website entry; to find who had done what Listening: to predict what comes next; to put the story in the correct order Speaking: to talk about what you use the Internet for; continue a story	Talking about the Internet Storytelling
Homographs (words with same spelling and different pronunciation)	Reading: to read a text and then paraphrase what it was about Listening: to identify where people are from; listen to answer comprehension questions Speaking: to give advice to someone who is visiting your country	used to Responding to greetings
	Listening: to answer comprehension questions; listen and shadow read Reading: to answer comprehension questions; to share information with a partner Speaking: talk about common sayings; talk about conditional sentences	If + was / were
Linking sounds Understanding rapid speech	Reading: scan for specific vocabulary; to answer a quiz Listening: to see if statements are true or false Speaking: talk about experiences of traveling abroad; role-play a conversation at a travel agent's	Talking about travel Present continuous = going to future
	Reading: to insert missing words in sentences; to match comments with replies Listening: to identify number of syllables in adjectives; to complete sentences; to underline stressed words; listen and repeat vowel sounds Speaking: about personal histories; role play a phone call; talk about a topic for one minute Writing: make true sentences using adjective and adverb prompts	Unit 1 content

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
Tip: pausing	Reading: to identify whether the extract comes from an ad for a job or an e-mail; to paraphrase and exchange information; read an answer to identify the question Listening: for gist; for specific information Speaking: talk about jobs; discuss questions in a questionnaire	Jobs Adjectives
Question tags for confirmation and real questions	Reading: to give your opinion on something Listening: for specific information to spot when someone is lying Speaking: talk about yourself; give your opinion on something	let Talking about past experiences
Word stress	Reading: to insert missing sentences back into a text Listening: for gist to see whether someone is for or against an idea; to match the speaker to the phrases Speaking: talk about clothes you like; express your opinion on something	Clothes Likes and dislikes Imperatives
Word stress	Listening: for gist to see if an idea is mentioned; to complete sentences Reading: to share information with a partner; to answer comprehension questions Speaking: talk about ways of saving money; talk about budgeting	Habits and routines Verbs of emotions
Word stress with suffix -ic Contractions	Listening: check the answers to a quiz; listen to match predictions to the correct pictures Reading: to answer quiz questions Speaking: talk about the future	going to for prediction
Auxiliary verbs (should / would /could have)	Listening: decide if a statement is true or false; put phrases in the correct order Reading: to exchange information; hypothesis about what could have happened Speaking: talk about parts of the car and what they are used for	Explaining a process Predicting had to for past obligation
	Reading: to complete sentences with adjectives; paraphrase and identify reporting verbs Listening: to complete notes; count question tags; listen and repeat dipthongs Speaking: ask and answer questions about money; describe a cartoon using future tenses; role play a conversation; give instructions to a learner about how to drive a car Writing: choose correct options to complete questions, then write answers	Unit 2 content

Coursebook contents map

	Unit 3			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
32	3A I am what I am	Kim's in college in Chicago. I have a new e-mail address. Dubai is in the UAE.	Articles	Changing images and the media
34	3ß Man-flu	Could you help me? Do you know if there are any problems? Do you mind staying at a cheaper hotel?	Indirect questions	Illnesses Essential phrases: explaining lifestyles
36	3C The art of the street	I've sent over a hundred e-mails today. It's been raining for hours!	Present perfect simple vs. Present perfect continuous	Word + preposition Essential phrases: saying what you've been doing
38	3D Changing times	I wish I had my own car. If only we'd had more time.	wish and if only	The face and appearance
40	3€ Gadget mania	If you'd been there, you would have loved it. If I'd had more money, I could have bought that ring.	Third conditional	Describing objects and their function
42	3F Artist at work!	An exhibition was held in London. He taught Congo to paint.	More irregular past participles U.S. and U.K. English	Describing pictures
44	Review 3			
62	Writing 3 A blog 78 Phra	asebook 3 93–99 Activity Book 116 Ess	ential Grammar 3	

	Unit 4			
Page	Lesson	Language in action	Grammar	Vocabulary
46	4A Live tonight!	She was going to come to lunch, but she's changed her mind. The meeting was to start at 7 p.m. They were leaving later that afternoon.	The future in the past be (about) to	Concerts and shows Essential phrases: talking about past experiences
48	4B How technology can change your life	I have very little free time now. There's plenty of milk. There were hardly any passengers on the train.	Quantifiers (much, many, little, a few etc.)	U.S. and U.K. English be / keep in / lose touch with
50	4C Any volunteers?	Many cheetahs are killed by hunters. Most meat is cooked before we eat it.	The passive	Charity and the environment Volunteering
52	4D Reality TV ruined my life!	If I were a billionaire, I'd buy my own island.	Mixed conditionals	TV shows Pairs of adjectives Essential phrases: speculating about the past
54	4€ My avatar and me	Bill is just as crazy as his brother! My dad is much older than my mom.	Making comparisons	Internet services
56	4F The Internet generation	Although we didn't have any tickets, we went along anyway. Even though we are working incredibly hard, we don't have much hope of success.	Linking phrases	Childhood activities Adjective suffixes (2)
58	Review 4			
63	63 Writing 4 A formal e-mail 78 Phrasebook 4 100–106 Activity Book 118 Essential Grammar 4			

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
	Reading: to predict the next word in a text Listening: for gist; listen for specific information Speaking: find out information about other SS; talk about yourself	Describing people remind / remember
Shadow reading Silent letters	Listening: listen for specific information Reading: sentence completion Speaking: find out who's the healthiest by asking and answering questions about health	Questions with <i>mind</i> Comparing men and women
	Listening: to see if a statement is true or false Reading: read and report what you've read to another person Speaking: talk about busking; talk about what you've been doing	Non-action verbs Countable v. uncountable nouns
Unstressed words and sentence stress	Listening: listen for gist; listen to match information with photos Reading: read and report what has been read to a partner and then comment on it Speaking: role play	Describing appearance Giving advice Past modals
Intonation and stress for emphasis	Reading: read to answer comprehension questions Listening: listen for gist Speaking: describe objects; speak to consolidate a grammar point	It's used for It looks like it might be made of made from
Irregular past participles	Listening: to see if sentences are true or false Speaking: describe and compare two paintings; ask and answer questions on a board game	Uses of <i>on</i> Irregular past verbs
	Speaking: talk about various topics for a board game; talk about folk cures; role play game; explain similar sounding things to a Martian; play Twenty Questions Listening: to identify rhyming words; listen and chant unvoiced consonants Reading: read a story about three men on a desert island and choose options Writing: write sentences beginning If I hadn't	Unit 3 content

Pronunciation	Skills	Recycling
Intonation for giving good or bad news	Reading: read and report information to another person Listening: for specific information Speaking: talk about tastes in music; talk about music festivals	Questions that end in prepositions Future tenses
	Listening: to see if a statement is true or false; listen for key words to reconstruct a conversation Reading: read to complete sentences Speaking: talk about using web forums	U.S. vs. U.K. spelling Countable / uncountable nouns
Homophones (words with different spelling but same pronunciation)	Reading: read to report information to another person Listening: to see if a statement is true or false Speaking: speak about volunteer work	Jobs
Linking Sentence stress Schwa vowel	Listening: to match speakers to their favourite TV show; listen for information Reading: read questions and predict answers before reading to check; read to understand idiomatic expressions in context Speaking: talk about the types of TV shows you like and dislike; discuss the best things to have with you on a desert island	Paraphrasing idioms Second and third conditionals
Stress on <i>much</i> , <i>a lot</i> , <i>a little</i> , etc.	Reading: to match questions to answers Listening: to match a description to the correct picture Speaking: talk about what you use the Internet for; design and speak about an avatar	Superlatives
	Listening: to see if a statement is true or false; listen to complete a sentence Reading: read for error correction Speaking: compare childhood today with childhood 40 years ago	Technology Apostrophes
	Reading: read a survey and answer the questions; read a text and identify errors Speaking: role play a conversation about being at a music festival; play a game; role play conversations using mixed conditionals; compare opinions about websites Listening: listen to four dialogs and identify correct meanings; to complete sentences; to identify U.S. vs. U.K. English; listen and repeat voiced consonants	Unit 4 content